

Synthesis and Structural Studies of Lanthanum(III) Dialkyldithiocarbamates 1,10-Phenantroline (Sintesis dan Kajian Struktur Lantanum(III) Dialkilditiokarbamat 1,10 Fenantrolin)

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ABSTRACT

A new series of lanthanum dialkyldithiocarbamate complexes with 1,10-phenantroline were successfully synthesized using in situ methods. These complexes were characterized using elemental analysis, infrared, thermogravimetric analysis and conductivity. Microelemental analysis data were in agreement with the general formula $\text{La}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')$ phen (R' = ethyl, methyl; R'' = butyl, heptyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, benzyl and cyclohexyl; phen = 1,10-phenantroline). Infrared spectra of complexes showed the thioureide $\nu(\text{C-N})$ bands were in the region of 1450 - 1482 cm^{-1} . The $\nu(\text{C-S})$ bands appeared in the region of 959 - 997 cm^{-1} and $\nu(\text{C-H})$ bands in the region of 2918-2955 cm^{-1} . The crystal structure of tris(*N,N*-ethylbenzylidithiocarbamate)(1,10-phenantroline)lanthanum(III) adopts an orthorhombic system (space group *Pccn*) with a distorted dodecahedron geometry with $a = 19.865(5) \text{ \AA}$, $b = 42.803(10) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 10.657(3) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$ and $Z = 9$. Three dithiocarbamates and one phenantroline ligands were coordinated to the central La atom in bidentate manner.

Keywords: Lanthanum; dithiocarbamate; crystal structure

ABSTRAK

Satu siri baru kompleks lantanum dialkilditiokarbamat dan 1,10-fenantrolin telah berjaya disintesis secara in-situ. Kompleks telah diciri dengan analisis unsur, spektroskopi inframerah, analisis termogravimetri dan pengukuran konduktiviti. Hasil analisis unsur menunjukkan formula umum adalah $\text{La}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')$ phen (R' = metil, etil; R'' = butil, heptil, isopropil, isobutil, benzil dan sikloheksil; phen = fenantrolina). Spektrum inframerah kompleks menunjukkan jalur tioureida $\nu(\text{C-N})$ berada di sekitar 1450-1482 cm^{-1} . Manakala jalur tunggal $\nu(\text{C-S})$ pula berada di kawasan 959-997 cm^{-1} dan jalur $\nu(\text{C-H})$ berada di kawasan 2918-2957 cm^{-1} . Struktur hablur tris(*N,N*-etilbenzilditiokarbamat)(1,10-fenantrolin) lantanum(III) dengan sistem hablur ortorombik (kumpulan ruang *Pccn*) dengan geometri dodekahedron terherot dengan $a = 19.865(5) \text{ \AA}$, $b = 42.803(10) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 10.657(3) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$ dan $Z = 9$. Tiga molekul ditiokarbamat dan satu molekul fenantrolina membentuk ikatan kelat kepada atom La secara bidentat.

Kata kunci: Lantanum; ditiokarbamat; struktur hablur

INTRODUCTION

Dithiocarbamates are among the most important nitrogen/sulfur donor ligands. Dithiocarbamate complexes are of great interest due to their chemical and biological properties and widely used in industries of agriculture, pharmaceutical and medicine (Couvovanis & Fackler 1976; Hursthouse et al. 1992). Almost all of the dithiocarbamate complexes with lanthanide are prepared in inert atmosphere using anhydrous lanthanides salts (Siddal & Steward 1970; Tang et al. 1991; Zhu et al. 1993). Su et al. (1997) has reported the synthesis of lanthanide dithiocarbamate 1,10-phenantroline complexes with dialkyldithiocarbamate ligands (dialkyl = monomethyl, dimethyl and diethyl). However, another method to synthesize $\text{Ln}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')$ ₃phen (Ln = lanthanide) is by reacting of $\text{Ln}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')$ ₃ with 1,10-phenantroline (Tang et al. 1991). The latest report on lanthanide dithiocarbamate was by the reaction between potassium dithiocarbamate and gadolinium(III) chloride 1,10-phenantroline solutions

to prepare $\text{Ga}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')$ ₃phen (Indah Raya et al. 2007).

This paper reports the synthesis and characterization of seven dialkyldithiocarbamate complexes of lanthanum(III) with various dithiocarbamate ligands including x-ray structure of tris(*N,N*-ethylbenzylidithiocarbamate)(1,10-phenantroline)lanthanum(III), $\text{La}[\text{S}_2\text{CN}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)(\text{C}_7\text{H}_7)]_3\text{phen}$.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

MATERIALS

All chemicals are purchased from suppliers as follows: acetonitrile (Hmbg Chemical), dialkylamine and ethanol (Fluka Chemical), carbon disulphide and methanol (Ajax Chemical Ltd), dichloromethane (R & M Chemical), lanthanum(III) chloride and 1,10-phenantroline (Merck) and used as supplied without further purification.

INSTRUMENTATION

Elemental analysis was recorded on Fison EA1108, infrared spectra were recorded as KBr discs in the range 4000 – 500 cm^{-1} and with polyethylene (in Nujol mull) in the range of 500 - 200 cm^{-1} using Perkin Elmer FTIR Model GX. The melting point was determined using Electrothermal IA 9100. Thermal analysis was carried out on Mettler Toledo Model STGA/SDTA851. The electrical conductivity was measured by Philips conductivity bridge Model PR 9645. The X-ray structure determination was carried out by Bruker SMART APEX and the accompanying SHELXTL programming suite.

Room-temperature diffraction data for X-ray crystallography studies were collected on a Bruker SMART APEX area-detector diffractometer (Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) on a crystal with 0.45 x 0.19 x 0.04 mm dimensions over the $1.76 < \theta < 25.0$ range (Siemens 1996). The structure was solved and refined by using the SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick 1997). The final R ($I > 2/\sigma(I)$) was 0.1096. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The perspective view of the molecule was obtained using SHELXTL (Sheldrick 1996).

SYNTHESIS

The lanthanum dithiocarbamate complexes from various dialkylamines were prepared the same method reported previously by Indah Raya et al. (2007). A potassium dithiocarbamate was prepared by the reaction of an ethanolic solution of potassium hydroxide (30 mL) with

dialkylamine (30 mmol) and carbon disulphide (30 mmol) at temperature below 10°C (Thorn & Ludwig 1962). Lanthanum(III) chloride solution (10 mmol) was added to 1,10-phenanthroline (10 mmol) in boiling water to produce a lanthanide(III) chloride-phenanthroline solution.

The dithiocarbamate complexes were synthesized by the reaction between potassium dithiocarbamate and lanthanum(III) chloride 1,10-phenanthroline solutions at 40°C and allowed to cool down for precipitation. Recrystallization was performed from a mixture of dichloromethane and methanol (2:1 v/v). An outline of the reaction scheme is given in Figure 1.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The elemental analysis data of complexes were in agreement with the general formula $\text{La}[\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'']_3\text{phen}$ [$\text{R}' = \text{ethyl, methyl; R}'' = \text{butyl, heptyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, benzyl and cyclohexyl; phen} = 1,10\text{-phenanthroline}$] (Table 1). The electrical conductivity data (Table 2) showed that all lanthanum(III) dithiocarbamate complexes were non-electrolytes. The molar conductance data were in the range of $42\text{-}51 \text{ m.ohm}^{-1}$ ($< 65 \text{ m.ohm}$), indicating that all complexes were non-electrolytes and will imply the ligands were coordinated to the metal ions as uninegatively charged bidentate species (Su et al. 1997).

The infrared (IR) data of the complexes were tabulated in Table 3. The IR spectra showed C-H band in the range $2918 - 2957 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ (Bellamy 1975) and $\text{La}(\text{MiButdc})_3\text{phen}$ and $\text{La}(\text{EiPrdct})_3\text{phen}$ were the highest due the steric

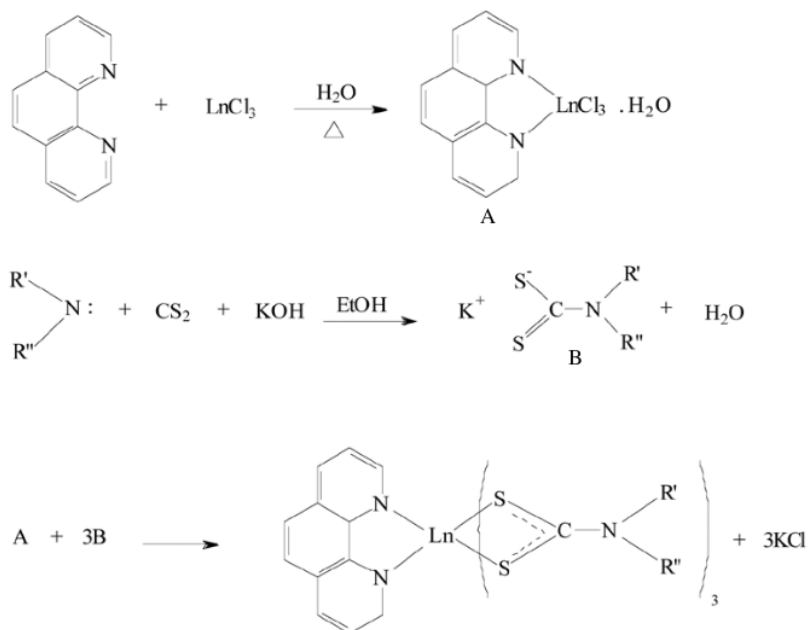


FIGURE 1. Reaction scheme for the synthesis of lanthanide complexes

TABLE 1. Analytical and physical data of $\text{La}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')_3\text{phen}$

Complexes	Colour	Yield (%)	Melting point (°C)	Found (Calculated) (%)				
				C	H	N	S	La
La(EBudtc) ₃ phen	White	66	91-93	41.92 (46.62)	5.75 (6.17)	9.59 (8.24)	22.44 (22.69)	15.56 (16.34)
La(HpMdtc) ₃ phen	White	42	116-118	50.98 (50.25)	7.35 (6.70)	7.43 (7.51)	21.45 (20.64)	15.08 (14.90)
La(EiPrdtc) ₃ phen	white	50	85-87	43.87 (44.70)	5.71 (5.50)	8.77 (8.69)	23.38 (23.87)	16.81 (17.23)
La(MiBudtc) ₃ phen	White	56	122-124	46.92 (44.70)	5.71 (5.50)	8.77 (8.69)	23.38 (23.87)	15.90 (17.23)
La(MBzdtc) ₃ phen	White	89	125-127	51.14 (51.57)	4.43 (4.22)	7.39 (7.71)	21.21 (21.19)	14.83 (15.30)
La(EBzdtc) ₃ phen	White yellow	72	113-115	52.75 (51.47)	4.82 (4.43)	7.82 (7.78)	18.47 (21.14)	15.43 (15.26)
La(ECydtc) ₃ phen	White	81	70-72	49.49 (50.47)	6.22 (6.30)	7.07 (7.55)	21.33 (20.73)	15.06 (14.96)

E = ethyl; Bu = butyl; Hp = heptyl; M = methyl; Bz = benzyl; Pr = propyl; Cy = cyclohexyl; phen = 1,10-phenanthroline; dtc = dithiocarbamate

Table 2. Electrical conductivity of $\text{La}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')_3\text{phen}$

Complexes	Electrical Conductivity Ω , (m.ohm ⁻¹)
La(EBudtc) ₃ phen	42
La(HpMdtc) ₃ phen	51
La(EiPrtc) ₃ phen	42
La(MiBudtc) ₃ phen	42
La(MBzdtc) ₃ phen	49
La(EBzdtc) ₃ phen	42
La(ECydtc) ₃ phen	47

E = ethyl; Bu = butyl; Hp = heptyl; M = methyl; Bz = benzyl; Pr = propyl; Cy = cyclohexyl; dtc = dithiocarbamate

effect of the *iso* groups. The intense bands in the region of 1450 – 1425 cm^{-1} were for $\nu(\text{C}=\text{N})$ modes of thiourea band, while $\nu(\text{C}=\text{S})$ mode was appeared in the region 959 – 997 cm^{-1} (Brown 1976; Haas & Schwarz 1963). The presence of splitted $\nu(\text{C}=\text{S})$ bands in the area of 959 – 997 cm^{-1} indicated a bidentate nature of the chelation of the dithiocarbamate ligands (Criado et al. 1990; Nomura et al. 1987).

The thermogram of $\text{La}(\text{MiBudtc})_3\text{phen}$, $\text{La}(\text{EBzdtc})_3\text{phen}$ and $\text{La}(\text{MHpdtc})_3\text{phen}$ showed a decomposition temperature above 300°C which indicated the complexes possess good thermal stability, while the $\text{La}(\text{EBudtc})_3\text{phen}$ and $\text{La}(\text{ECydtc})_3\text{phen}$ showed similar trend which start to decompose at 160°C. However, $\text{La}(\text{MBzdtc})_3\text{phen}$ and $\text{La}(\text{EiPrdtc})_3\text{phen}$ complexes were

less stable than others because they decomposed at below 110°C.

The data of important ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts of the compounds were compiled in Table 4. The ¹H chemical shifts of the 1,10-phenanthroline groups in the complexes were between 7.68 and 9.87 ppm. Overlapping of the signals occur when R'' was also a phenyl and aryl groups. The data of ¹³C chemical shifts of N¹³CS₂ moiety appeared between 193 and 209 ppm. The high values of N¹³CS₂ chemical shifts could be due to an increase of π -bond order in the whole NCS₂ moiety (Nomura et al. 1987). This suggested that the chelation of the nitrogen ligand to the lanthanum atom has promoted the delocalization of the unshared electron pair in the nitrogen atoms of the dithiocarbamate groups.

TABLE 3. Infrared data for $\text{La}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')_3\text{phen}$

Complexes	Frequency (cm ⁻¹)				
	$\nu(\text{C-H})$	$\nu(\text{C=N})$	$\nu(\text{C=S})$	$\nu(\text{La-N})$	$\nu(\text{La-S})$
La(EBudtc)3phen	2930	1479	997	361	273
La(HpMdtc)3phen	2925	1482	981	364	272
La(EiPrdtc)3phen	2957	1482	988	362	273
La(MiBudtc)3phen	2955	1480	988	363	278
La(MBzdtc)3phen	2918	1478	990	364	272
La(EBzdtc)3phen	2927	1471	959	361	275
La(ECydtc)3phen	2930	1450	997	363	274

E = ethyl; Bu = butyl; Hp = heptyl; M = methyl; Bz = benzyl; Pr = propyl; Cy = cyclohexyl; phen = 1,10-phenanthroline; dtc = dithiocarbamate

TABLE 4. Selected ¹H and ¹³C NMR data (δ , ppm) for $\text{La}(\text{S}_2\text{CNR}'\text{R}'')_3\text{phen}$

Formula	¹ H NMR (1,10-phenanthroline)	¹³ C NMR (N13CS2)
1,10-phenanthroline	9.17, 7.61, 8.22, 7.76	-
La(EBudtc)3phen	9.21, 7.67, 8.27, 7.82	193.07
La(HMdtc)3phen	9.76, 7.68, 8.32, 7.81	207.59
La(EiPrdtc)3phen	9.19, 7.81, 8.58, 8.02	207.20
La(MiBudtc)3phen	9.87, 7.73, 8.40, 7.85	207.95
La(EBzdtc)3phen	9.80, 7.68, 8.33, 7.81	208.77
La(ECydtc)3phen	9.11, 7.78, 8.51, 8.00	206.23

E = ethyl; Bu = butyl; H = heptyl; M = methyl; Bz = benzyl; Pr = propyl; Cy = cyclohexyl; phen = 1,10-phenanthroline; dtc = dithiocarbamate

X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

The $\text{La}[\text{S}_2\text{CN}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)(\text{C}_7\text{H}_7)]_3\text{phen}$ complex crystallized in an orthorhombic system with a space *Pccn* group. The crystal data and refinement parameter are given in Table 5. Selected bond distances and angles were compiled in Table 6. The molecular structure of the compound shown in Figure 2 supports the elemental and spectroscopic data given in Table 1, 2 and 3.

One phenanthroline and three ethylbenzylthiocarbamate ligands were chelated to lanthanum(III) centre in a bidentate manner via nitrogen and sulphur atoms respectively, in a distorted dodecahedron geometry. The bond angles of S(1)-La-S(2), S(3)-La-S(4), S(5)-La-S(6) were 62.47(8)°, 62.18(9)° and 61.65(8)°, respectively. The C-S bonds have an average distance of 1.34 Å and the mean of S-C-S angle was of 118.6°. The thioureide C-N bond distances

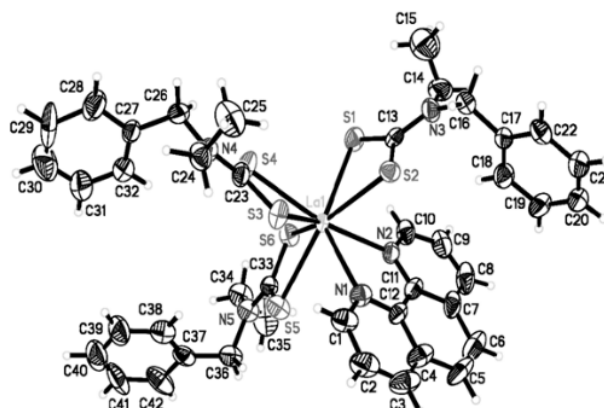


FIGURE 2. ORTEP Plot of lanthanum tris(*N,N*-ethylbenzylthiocarbamate)1,10-phenanthroline with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level

TABLE 5. Crystallographic data for La[S₂CN(C₂H₅)(C₇H₇)₃phen

Compound	La[S ₂ CN(C ₂ H ₅)(C ₇ H ₇) ₃ phen
Empirical Formula	C ₄₂ H ₄₄ N ₃ S ₆ La
Formula weight	844.33
Temperature	273 K
Wavelength λ	0.71073
Crystal system	Orthorhombic
Space group	Pccn
a \AA	19.865(5)
b \AA	42.803(10)
c \AA	10.657(10)
α / $^\circ$	90
β / $^\circ$	90
γ / $^\circ$	90
V (\AA^3)	9061(4)
Z	9
$D/M\text{gm}^{-3}$	1.393
$F(000)$	3872
Crystal size	0.45 x 0.19 x 0.04 mm
Refinement method	Full matrix least-square
θ range ($^\circ$)	1.76 - 25.00 $^\circ$
Final R indices $I > 2\sigma(I)$	$R_1 = 0.1096$, $wR_2 = 0.2230$

TABLE 6. Selected bond distances (\AA) and angles ($^\circ$) for La[S₂CN(C₂H₅)(C₇H₇)₃phen

La(1)-N(1)	2.590(8)	N(2)-La(1)-N(1)	64.2(3)
La(1)-N(2)	2.572(8)	N(2)-La(1)-S(4)	155.2(2)
La(1)-S(1)	2.862(3)	N(1)-La(1)-S(4)	140.2(2)
La(1)-S(2)	2.827(3)	N(2)-La(1)-S(5)	92.0(2)
La(1)-S(2)	2.827(3)	N(1)-La(1)-S(5)	69.7(2)
La(1)-S(4)	2.807(3)	S(4)-La(1)-S(5)	94.71(12)
La(1)-S(5)	2.822(3)	N(2)-La(1)-S(2)	77.41(19)
La(1)-S(6)	2.894(3)	N(1)-La(1)-S(2)	80.5(2)
S(1)-C(13)	1.700(11)	S(4)-La(1)-S(2)	106.68(10)
S(2)-C(13)	1.713(11)	S(5)-La(1)-S(2)	150.05(9)
S(3)-C(23)	1.710(11)	S(2)-La(1)-S(3)	141.5(2)
S(4)-C(23)	1.696(11)	N(1)-La(1)-S(6)	81.4(2)
S(5)-C(33)	1.711(10)	S(4)-La(1)-S(3)	62.18(9)
S(6)-C(33)	1.705(10)	S(5)-La(1)-S(3)	91.84(10)
N(3)-C(13)	1.369(14)	S(6)-La(1)-S(3)	80.40(9)
N(4)-C(23)	1.337(12)	N(2)-La(1)-S(6)	78.9(2)
N(5)-C(33)	1.333(13)	N(1)-La(1)-S(1)	132.6(2)
		S(4)-La(1)-S(1)	81.56(11)
		S(5)-La(1)-S(1)	143.43(9)
		S(2)-La(1)-S(1)	62.47(8)
		S(3)-La(1)-S(1)	117.29(10)
		N(2)-La(1)-S(6)	82.58(19)
		N(1)-La(1)-S(6)	119.1(2)
		S(4)-La(1)-S(6)	79.70(9)
		S(5)-La(1)-S(6)	61.65(8)
		S(2)-La(1)-S(6)	141.75(8)
		S(3)-La(1)-S(6)	131.87(8)
		S(1)-La(1)-S(6)	81.98(9)

of N(3)-C(13), N(4)-C(23) and N(5)-C(33) were 1.369(14), 1.337(12) and 1.333(13) Å, respectively. These bonds were shorter than single bond C-N and suggested the existence of partial double bond character for (C...N) as indicated in infrared spectra data (1450 – 1482 cm⁻¹).

CONCLUSION

The lanthanum *tris*(N,N-R'R'' dithiocarbamate)1,10-phenanthroline series have been successfully synthesized and showed that the dithiocarbamate anions and 1,10-phenanthroline were chelated to lanthanum center to form eight coordinated mixed-ligand compounds. The crystallographic studies of La[S₂CN(C₂H₅)(C₇H₇)]₃phen compounds showed the dithiocarbamate and nitrogen ligands coordinated in bidentate manner.

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